**1.06 - 3 пара**

**Тема урока«Путешествия по городам мира. Future Perfect».**

***Цель –*** введение новых знаний по теме «Future Perfect», закрепление лексических навыков по теме «Экскурсии».

***Теоретические сведения***

Будущее совершенное время в английском языке обозначает действие, которые закон-чится к определенному моменту времени в будущем.

Будущее совершенное время (The Future Perfect) обозначает действие, которое завер-шится к определённому моменту в будущем. Глаголы в будущем совершенном времени переводятся на русский язык будущим временем.

**Маркеры времени**: by next week; by 2 p.m. tomorrow; by the time (к какому-то моменту), by then (к тому времени), before (перед тем как), until/till (до того как), for (в течение, на протяжении).

**Образование утвердительных предложений**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **подлежащее** | **вспомогательный глагол** | **сказуемое (для неправильных гла-голов) - 3 форма** | **дополнение** |
| I,you,we,they,he,she,it | **will have** | done | the task |
| **подлежащее** | **вспомогательный глагол** | **сказуемое (для правильных глаго-лов) – окончание ed** | **дополнение** |
| I,you,we,they,he,she,it | **will have** | play**ed** | the game |

**Образование отрицательных предложений**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **подлежащее** | **вспомогательный глагол + not** | **сказуемое (для неправильных гла-голов) - 3 форма** | **дополнение** |
| I,you,we,they,he,she,it | **will have not** | done | the task |
| **подлежащее** | **вспомогательный глагол + not** | **сказуемое (для правильных глаго-лов) – окончание ed** | **дополнение** |
| I,you,we,they,he,she,it | **will have not** | play**ed** | the game |

**Задание 1.** Прочитайте текст.

A. VIENNA

Although Vienna already has a superb public transport system, work has begun on a plan to divert traffic away from the streets of the city. Key plans include building new and improved motorway and rail links and a city ring road. Within the city, 30 kilometers of underground lines will be added to the Metro over the next ten years. At present, five billion schillings is poured into Vienna’s public transport system every year. 1\_\_\_The underground links well with the extensive tram lines and bus routes. There are already 500 kms of cycle paths, although Viennese cyclists grumble at deep potholes in the paths.

B. BERLIN

Huge building sites, large-scale repairs of roads and the reconnection of the two halves of the city have all combined to make Berlin a difficult place to move about in. 2\_\_Several of the underground and cross-town railway stations are closed down for renovation. For car drivers, the worst problem is trying to “get to the other side” – to move from east to west or vice versa. There are simply not enough roads to meet the demand. The good news is that all this inconvenience is working towards a good cause. When all the building and rebuilding is finished, Berlin’s commuters will have one of Europe’s most efficient traffic systems. 3\_\_\_At present, the “Green Wave” guarantees the free flow of traffic along the city’s main streets: drivers who keep to 50 km can hit a wave of green lights and avoid getting stuck in traffic.

C. ATHENS

The Greek metropolis was confirmed as Europe’s most polluted city this week. 4\_\_\_Given the city’s poor public transport, cars are overwhelmingly the means of transport chosen by most Athenians. Unfortunately, it is a choice to which Athens is particularly ill-suited, with its high buildings, narrow streets and a single ring road, which forces most vehicles to enter the city centre at some point along their journey. The most drastic of a series of measures – banning odd or even number-plated cars from the city centre on alternate working days – has failed to solve the problem. 5\_\_The government has also begun investing heavily in public transport and, after long delays, is now building the city’s first underground metro system.

D. LONDON

For a nation which once prided itself on building roads and railways for others, transport in the capital is in a worry state. Today, the world’s oldest Tube (the first section was opened in 1863) still boasts 735 million passenger journeys a year. But it is widely regarded as over-priced, inefficient and in need of extensive repair. 6\_\_The worsening of public services has brought an increase in private transport. The subsequent congestion on the capital’s streets was made worse when cars were banned from the City, London’s financial centre, following bomb attacks by the IRA.

E. STOCKHOLM

It is ten kilometers from my house in the Stockholm suburbs to the office in the city centre where I work. 7\_\_\_For me, public transport wins hands down. If I leave home just before eight o’clock, I’m at the office by half past eight. The train runs every three minutes or so at peak times on the main routes. During the rush hour it can be difficult to get a seat, but it’s rare to be crammed in like sardines, as in London or Paris. For the price of a monthly pass (375 krona), you can travel on all buses and trains within Stockholm – to me that is true value for money and certainly less than the cost of the petrol you would use. By comparison, driving to work, with the congestion and difficulty finding parking space, is just not worth to hassle.

*З****адание 2.***Дополните пропуски в тексте подходящими предложениями. Одно предложение лишнее.

**A.** Getting there means choosing between an efficient underground system or being stuck in traffic jams for much of the journey.

**B.** Most city dwellers bought a second car.

**C.** The ring road was opposed by environmentalists but has turned out to be a great success.

**D.** Many of the city’s highways are blocked off to allow construction work go ahead.

**E.** Predictably, private cars were found to be the main source of pollution.

**F.** Half the money is provided by the government, the remainder comes from fares.

**G.** Above ground, Londoners are not doing much better.

**H.** It will certainly be the most modern.

***Задание 3.*** Ответьте на вопросы к тексту.

Which city or cities:

1. - does not have an underground system yet?

2. - has good facilities for cyclists?

3. - has a cheap and efficient railway service?

4. - has an expensive underground system?

5. - is planning to improve its rail services?

6. - had better bus services in the past?

7. - has serious parking problems?

8. - has tried to limit the number of cars in the city centre?

9. - has increased in size recently?

10.- has unsuitable roads for cars?

***Контрольные вопросы***

1 Дайте определение Future Perfect?

2 Как образуются утвердительные и отрицательные предложения?

3 Назовите маркеры времени Future Perfect.

**2.06 - 4 пара**

**Тема урока«Путешествия по городам мира. Future Perfect».**

***Цель –*** отработка знаний по теме «Future Perfect», закрепление лексических навыков по теме «Экскурсии».

***Задание 1.*** Вставьте глагол во времени Future Perfect.

1. I \_\_\_\_a Londoner for five and a half years by next September. (be)
2. By Tuesday Jill \_\_\_\_\_these novels by O’Henry. (finish)
3. Next year is Fred and Kate’s 10th wedding anniversary. They \_\_\_\_happily married for ten years. (be)
4. Molly thinks the film \_\_\_\_by the time she gets to Fred’s. (to start)
5. They \_\_\_\_the plans by then. (to finish)
6. Before his holiday Tom \_\_\_\_all his money. (to spend)
7. The train \_\_\_\_by the time the couple get to the station. (to leave)
8. I \_\_\_\_dinner by then. (cook)
9. I \_\_\_\_my chemistry homework before Jillian comes home. (finish)
10. Fernando \_\_\_his operation by August and should be much fitter. (have)

***Задание 2.*** Составьте предложения во времени Future Perfect.

1. have / Jill / she / perfected / will / from / her / by the time / Japanese / comes / Tokyo.
2. promotion /Melody / have / By December / will / her / received.
3. gets home / Helen’s / cleaned / By the time / relatives / she / will / the house / have.
4. to communicate / Steven / he / learned / Will / have / well / Chinese / before / enough / flies to Beijing?
5. finishes / have / By the time / twenty / taken / Jillian’s father / that course / he / will / online tests.

***Задание 3.*** Образуйте конструкцию Future Perfect, используя глаголы в скобках:

1. My mother\_\_\_\_\_(cook) the cake before the guests come

2. I\_\_\_\_\_(do) all my homework by 7 o’clock tomorrow.

3. We\_\_\_\_\_ (return) home already when you call us.

4. My sister\_\_\_\_\_(clean) the flat before the parents come.

5. He\_\_\_\_\_ (read) the War and Peace by next month.

6. She\_\_\_\_\_(finish) the work before her child wake up.

7.Jack Afford\_\_\_\_\_(write) a new novel by the end of the year.

8.They\_\_\_\_\_(repair) my smartphone by next Friday.

9.They\_\_\_\_\_(pass) all exams by July.

10.The teacher\_\_\_\_\_(not check) tests of pupils by the end of the lesson.

***Задание 4.*** Переведите на английский вFuture Perfect.

1.Майкл закончит этот отчет до завтра.

2.Студенты доделают работу к трем часам по полудню.

3.К июню мы сдадим сессию.

4.Строители построят школу к началу сентября.

5.Я напишу заявление к тому времени, как приедет секретарь.

6.Поезд уйдет, пока мы доберемся до станции.

7.Зоя переведет этот доклад к понедельнику.

8.К ночи Меган переведет эту длинную статью.

9.Стивен уже уедет в Париж, когда Молли вернется из Конго.

10.Зора не дочитает эту дурацкую книгу к концу года.

**3.06 – 2 пара**

**Тема урока«Путешествия по России. Времена Perfect».**

***Цель –*** совершенствование знаний по теме «Perfect», совершенствование лексических на-выков по теме «Путешествия».

**Задание 1.** Прочитайте текст.

**Tourist attractions in Russia**

**The Hermitage**

The Hermitage is one of the world's largest museums. It is located in Saint Petersburg. It consists of 5 buildings. The museum's collection houses about 3 million different works of art.

  From the very beginning the Hermitage was Catherine's II private collection of paintings, but in the time of Nicholas I the Hermitage opened for general public. This happened in 1852.

Saint Basil's Cathedral is located in Red Square. This Orthodox church is a world-famous landmark. The church was built in the XVI century by order of Ivan the Terrible. There are 11 domes in Saint Basil's Cathedral. Its height is 65 metres.

  In the XX century the church was open for public as a museum. It is one of the most recognizable tourist attractions. Saint Basil's Cathedral is included in the list of UNESCO World Heritage Sites.

**Lake Baikal**

Lake Baikal is a lake located in eastern Siberia. This is the deepest lake on our planet and the largest natural reservoir of fresh water.

  Lake Baikal is also widely known for its endemic fauna. Water in the lake is very clean and clear. There are 27 islands and the biggest one is called Olkhon.

  Numerous rivers and streams flow into Lake Baikal. The Angara is the only river that flows out from the lake.

**The Golden Ring**

The Golden Ring is a ring of cities located not far from Moscow. This popular tourist route runs through ancient cities of Russia which played a significant role in the formation of the Russian Orthodox Church.

  There are many unique monuments in these cities which attract a lot of tourists. The cities included in the Golden Ring are Sergiyev Posad, Pereslavl-Zalessky, Rostov Veliky, Yaroslavl, Kostroma, Ivanovo, Suzdal and Vladimir.

**Задание 2.** Подберите английские эквиваленты из текста.

Эрмитаж- самый большой музей-

коллекция- произведения искусства-

православная церковь- собор Василия Блаженного-

озеро Байкал- расположено в Восточной Сибири-

самое глубокое озеро в мире- природный резервуар пресной воды-

Золотое Кольцо- круг городов-

играли важную роль- уникальные памятники-

**Задание 3.** Поставьте глаголы в скобках в Present Perfect.

1. He \_\_\_\_\_ (finish) training.
2. She \_\_\_\_\_ (score) twenty points in the match.
3. We \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) all the Champions League matches this season.
4. That's amazing! She \_\_\_\_\_ (run)  fifteen kilometers this morning!
5. She \_\_\_\_\_  (buy)  some really nice rollerblades!

**Задание 4.** Поставьте глаголы в скобках в Pаst Perfect.

1. ... (to have) breakfast before I went to school.
2. He went to meet his friends after he ... (to do) his homework.
3. By 8 o’clock the rain ... (to stop).
4. Alice was late because she ... (to miss) the bus.
5. She went to the post-office after she ... (to write) the letter.

**Задание 5.** Поставьте глаголы в скобках в Future Perfect.

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ a Londoner for five and a half years by next September. (be)
2. By Tuesday Jill \_\_\_\_\_ these novels by O’Henry. (finish)
3. Next year is Fred and Kate’s 10th wedding anniversary. They \_\_\_\_happily married for ten years. (be)
4. Molly thinks the film \_\_\_\_\_by the time she gets to Fred’s. (to start)
5. They \_\_\_\_\_ the plans by then. (to finish).

***Контрольные вопросы***

1 Дайте определение Present, Pаst, Future Perfect.

2 Как образуются эти времена?

3 Назовите маркеры времен.